Simply. U+

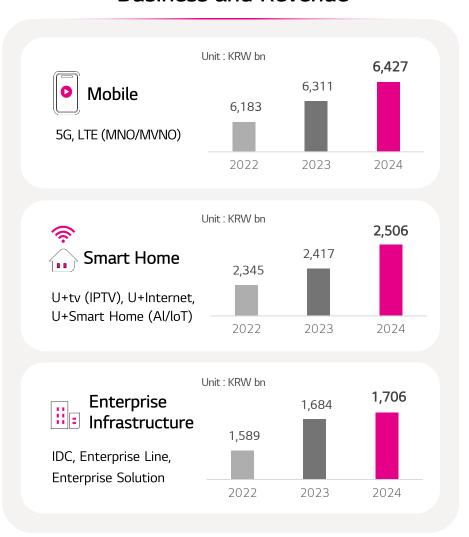


Non-Deal Roadshow

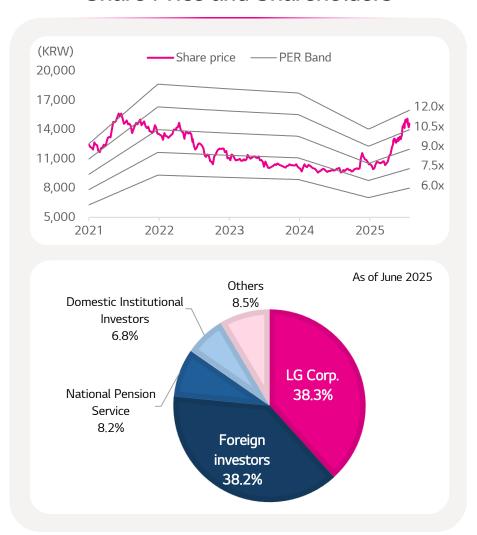
Key messages



*Business and Revenue



*Share Price and Shareholders



'Summary

Message #1

The primary objective for 2025 is a turnaround in operating profit

• Sluggish earnings in 2023-24 due to reinforcement of AX/DX workforce & higher depreciation from IT system upgrades. From 2025, AX-driven cost optimization and low-margin business restructuring is improving profitability

Message #2

Expanding into high-value AX domains, with our competitive edge in AI infrastructure

• As AI adoption accelerates, we are capitalizing on the high profitability and rapid growth of the IDC business to expand into AX services such as AICC, thereby securing sustainable growth engines

Message #3

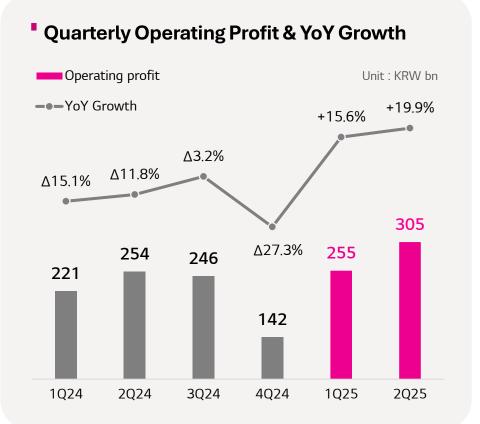
Shareholder returns will be strengthened in line with the 2024 Corporate Value-up Plan

- [Dividend policy] A payout ratio of over 40% of separate-basis net profit, with a minimum DPS maintained at the 2024 level (KRW 650) until 2026
- [+ Share buyback] Flexible share buyback of up to 20% of separate-basis net profit

Message 1 From 2025, we are on track for a profit turnaround, backed by structural cost competitiveness and mobile subscriber expansions

- Profitability temporarily decline in 2023~24, due to the reinforcement of AX/DX workforce to strengthen AX business competitiveness, as well as increased depreciation expenses stemming from IT system upgrades
- Since the new CEO assumed office at the end of 2024, profit improvement has become evident driven by the restructuring of low-profit businesses and sustained cost optimization efforts led by AX initiatives



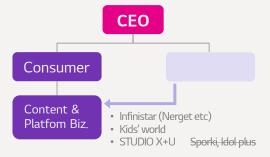


Streamlining low-margin biz.

Strategic selection and concentration

- Scale down low-margin and less competitive platform businesses
- Aim to optimize the business structure through resource reallocation

[B2C] Organization restructuring



[B2B] Portfolio optimization

Biz. unit	Restructuring Plan
Logistics platform	Downsizing to a solution for fleet management service customers
Robot	Phase-out
Metaverse	Repositioning to an AI virtual campus platform
Smart Factory	Phase-out

AX Integration

- Operational efficiency through digital transformation and AI Utilization
- Expanding digital channels is expected to reduce offline stores (284 in 2018 → 91 in 1H25), leading to lower operating costs
- Enhanced workforce productivity through Aldriven automation in customer service and network management
- In-house Al Use

Work Agent

- ✓ Work-related O&A
- ✓ Eliminate non-critical communications



Network

- ✓ Support operational tasks
- ✓ Prevent failures and set up preemptive measures

Customer Service

- ✓ Minimize agent intervention
- ✓ Reduce call duration

Mobile subscriber growth

- Net additions have surged, fueled by pull-marketing strategies centered on enhanced customer value services
- Launched 'ixi-O,' an Al-powered AX product addressing unmet needs like iPhone call recording to maximize customer value
- Subscriber inflows rose in 2Q (+2.0% QoQ MNO handset subscribers), supported by differentiated service competitiveness amid market turmoil
- AI-powered Call Solution

Summarize Call Recordings & Suggest Tasks via Al

✓ Downloads call scripts for sharing

Detect Voice Phishing in Real Time

✓ Alerts user via voice and pop-up message



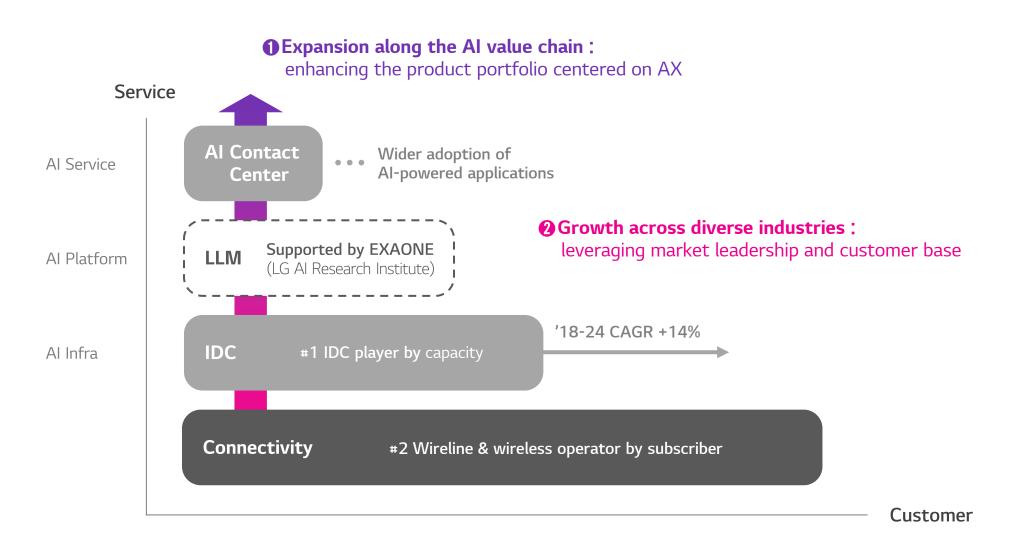
Make Visual Phone Calls

 ✓ Displays call content as text to support multitasking during calls

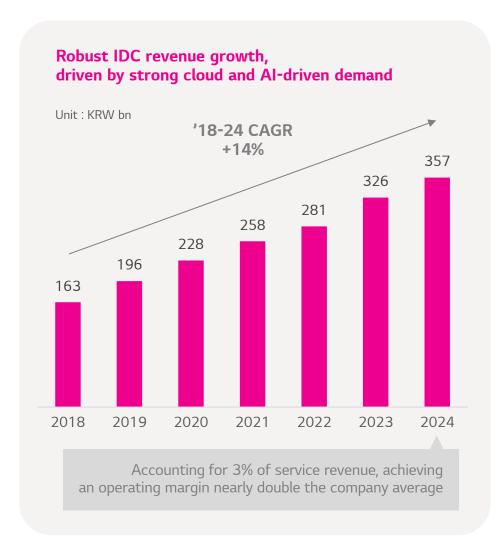
Answer Calls with AI

✓ (Especially for unknown numbers) Answers call on behalf of the user

Message (2) [Growth Strategy] Expanding into high-value AX domains, while solidifying our competitive edge in AI infrastructure



Highlight: IDC Revenue Growth & Strategic Differentiation



1 IDC Competitiveness

- ✓ Owns hyperscale IDCs (Pyeongchon 1, 2 and Paju 1-1)
- ✓ Strong preferences from customers thanks to strategic locations in the Seoul Metropolitan area
- ✓ High energy efficiency: PUE 1.38 at Pyeongchon 1

Market leadership and stability

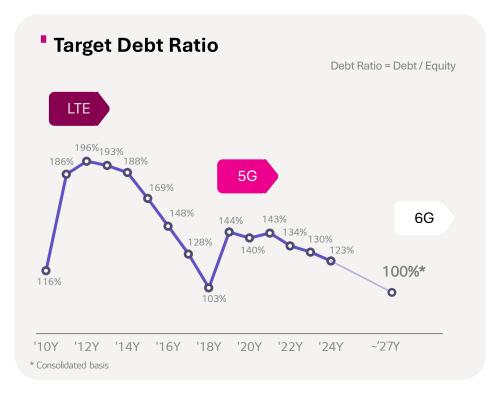
- ✓ Longest operating track record in Korea with no major outages, positioning us as the #1 IDC operator
- ✓ Differentiated tenant acquisition capabilities focusing on global CSPs
- ✓ Synergies with telecom services through leased-line sales and AX service expansion

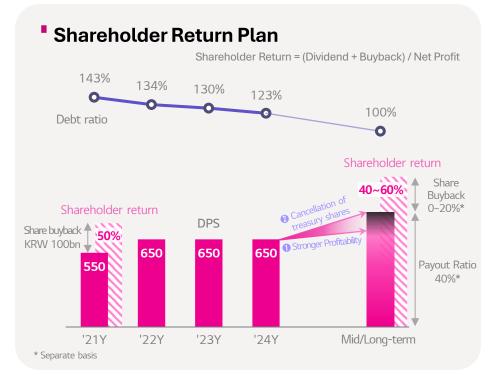
Mid-to-long term roadmap

- ✓ Secured IDC pipeline until 2035 by utilizing the Paju site
- ✓ Plan to apply liquid cooling technology from 2027, further advancing infrastructure capabilities

Message 3 Shareholder returns will be strengthened through a flexible share buyback program

- The target debt ratio is set at 100% until 6G adoption to enhance financial soundness, with FCF (Free Cash Flow) allocated to shareholder returns after debt repayment
- Taking into consideration of FCF each year, share buyback can amount up to 20% of separate-basis net profit,
 while dividend per share is targeted to increase through the ongoing cancellation of treasury shares
 - As announced on July 21st, a full cancellation of treasury shares held has been resolved along with a share repurchase plan amounting to KRW 80 billion for 2025





ESG Highlights



Environment

- ✓ On track to achieve Net Zero by 2050, with SBTiapproved near-term targets
- ✓ Eco-friendly IDC (Pyeongchon Mega and 2nd Center)
- ✓ Installed 1,044kW solar PV (photovoltaic) at Daejeon R&D Center



- ✓ Awarded the Minister's Prize from the Ministry of Science and ICT at Korea's top information security awards 2025
- ✓ Acquired international information security certifications*
- ✓ Recognized as 'Best enterprise' in the Shared Growth Index for 10 consecutive years by KCCP**

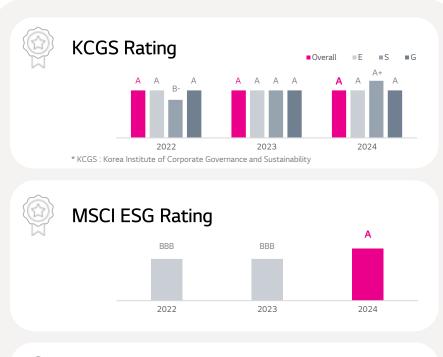
^{*} ISO 27001, ISMS(Information Security Management System), ISMS-P(ISMS-Personal Information & Privacy) ** Korea Commission for Corporate Partnership



Governance

- ✓ Joined the corporate sustainability initiative, United Nations Global Compact (UNGC)
- ✓ First in domestic telecom industry to publish IFRS S1·S2 reports

*ESG Performance





CDP Climate change

2024 CDP Climate change:

- √ 'A' Leadership Band
- ✓ Carbon Management Honours Club



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Consolidated BSPL

2Q24 1Q25 2Q25 24.1H 25.1H 3,748.1 3,844.4 3,493.7 +10.0% +2.6% 7,070.7 7,592.5 +7.4% Operating Revenue 2,943.9 2,938.9 3,016.4 +2.5% +2.6% 5,837.8 5,955.3 +2.0% Service Revenue 3.9 +12.3% +10.5% 7.7 8.4 +8.3% Other Revenue 4.0 4.4 549.8 809.2 828.0 +50.6% +2.3% 1,232.9 1,637.1 +32.8% Handset Revenue 3,539.9 +9.3% +1.4% 6,595.7 7,032.5 +6.6% Operating Expense 3,239.7 3,492.7 ∆1.4% ∆0.8% 980.9 977.4 493.9 490.7 486.7 △0.4% Wages 547.0 542.0 550.7 +0.7% +1.6% 1,090.5 1,092.7 +0.2% Depreciation 119.2 123.9 121.9 +2.3% △1.6% 242.1 245.9 +1.6% Amortization 429.3 420.2 443.2 +3.2% +5.5% 840.1 863.4 +2.8% Fees & Charges 509.0 529.8 540.9 +6.3% +2.1% 1,017.4 1,070.8 +5.2% Sales Commission △10.0% 50.5 50.3 45.5 △9.6% 92.8 95.8 +3.2% Advertising Cost of Handsets sold 562.8 824.3 815.8 +44.9% △1.0% 1,286.4 1,640.0 +27.5% +49.5% 1,581.7 +29.6% 526.2 795.1 786.6 △1.1% 1,220.4 Handset Purchase 36.6 29.2 29.1 △20.5% △0.2% 66.0 58.3 △11.6% Etc 527.9 535.1 +1.4% +4.6% 1,045.5 1,046.5 +0.1% 511.4 Other expenses 254.0 255.4 304.5 +19.9% +19.2% 474.9 559.9 +17.9% Operating Income 46.8 37,3 48.2 +2.9% +29.1% 89.1 85.5 △4.1% Non-operating Income △19.9% 17.5 △19.1% 31.5 31.5 +0.2% Interest Income 17.3 Non-operating Expense 96.3 92.2 80.4 △16.5% △12.8% 193.8 172,6 △10.9% ∆8.5% ∆4.8% 71.3 68.4 65.2 141.6 133.6 △5.6% Interest Expense 204.5 200.5 272.3 +33.1% +35.8% Income before Tax 370.3 472.8 +27.7% 39.9 55.2 +38.4% +45.1% 75.3 93.3 +23.9% 38.1 Income Tax 164.6 162.5 217.1 +31.9% +33.6% 295.0 379.6 +28.6% Net Income

	Unit : KRW bn				
	2024.12	Vs. 2024			
Current Assets	5,263.9	5,417.8	+2.9%		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	965.3	954.6	∆1.1%		
Accounts Receivables	1,979.1	2,009.7	+1.5%		
Inventories	252.3	211.5	∆16.2%		
Non-Current Assets	14,443.8	14,049.0	∆2.7%		
Property, Plant and Equipment	10,709.0	10,396.8	∆2.9%		
Intangible assets	1,804.6	1,610.3	∆10.8%		
Long-term Accounts Receivable	501.8	486.2	∆3.1%		
Total Assets	19,707.7	19,466.8	∆1.2%		
Current Liabilities	5,116.3	4,989.1	∆2.5%		
Accounts Payable & Other Payables	2,284.4	2,441.2	+6.9%		
Short-term debt & etc	1,805.2	1,559.2	∆13.6%		
Non-Current Liabilities	5,823.1	5,463.7	∆6.2%		
Bond Payables, Long-term debt	4,489.4	4,311.8	∆4.0%		
Total Liabilities	10,939.4	10,452.8	△4.4%		
Shareholder's Equity	8,556.0	8,807.3	+2.9%		
Capital Stock	2,574.0	2,574.0	-		
Treasury Stock	(100.0)	(100.0)	-		
Capital Surplus	871.5	871.5	-		
Retained Earnings	5,204.0	5,466.1	+5.0%		
Accumulated other comprehensive income	6.6	(4.2)	∆163.5%		
Non-controlling Interest	212.4	206.7	∆2.7%		
Total Shareholders' Equity	8,768.4	9,014.0	+2.8%		
Total Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity	19,707.7	19,466.8	∆1.2%		

^{*} Non-controlling interest : LGHV effect



Unit : KRW bn

Separate BSPL

	2Q24	1Q25	2Q25	YoY	QoQ	24.1H	25.1H	YoY
Operating Revenue	3,228.2	3,442.6	3,496.4	+8.3%	+1.6%	6,551.0	6,939.0	+5.9%
Service Revenue	2,730.3	2,728.7	2,798.0	+2.5%	+2.5%	5,412.5	5,526.7	+2.1%
Other Revenue	8.1	8.0	7.9	∆2.7%	△1.5%	16.2	15.9	∆1.7%
Handset Revenue	497.9	713.9	698.4	+40.3%	△2.2%	1,138.6	1,412.3	+24.0%
Operating Expense	2,975.8	3,181.9	3,185.8	+7.1%	+0.1%	6,077.5	6,367.6	+4.8%
Wages	371.6	367.1	358.7	∆3.5%	∆2.3%	733.0	725.9	∆1.0%
Depreciation	520.1	519.3	527.8	+1.5%	+1.6%	1,037.1	1,047.0	+1.0%
Amortization	109.0	115.7	113.7	+4.3%	∆1.7%	221.8	229.4	+3.4%
Fees & Charges	371.3	362.0	385.2	+3.7%	+6.4%	725.6	747.2	+3.0%
Sales Commission	493.8	504.7	517.5	+4.8%	+2.5%	986.8	1,022.1	+3.6%
Advertising	43.1	42.5	37.0	∆14.3%	∆12.9%	79.2	79.5	+0.3%
Cost of Handsets sold	522.8	745.8	705.0	+34.9%	△5.5%	1,212.9	1,450.8	+19.6%
Handset Purchase	486.2	716.6	675.9	+39.0%	∆5.7%	1,146.9	1,392.5	+21.4%
Etc	36.6	29.2	29.1	∆20.5%	∆0.2%	66.0	58.3	∆11.6%
Other expenses	544.0	524.9	540.9	-0.6%	3.0%	1,081.0	1,065.8	∆1.4%
Operating Income	252,4	260.7	310.7	+23.1%	+19.2%	473.6	571.4	+20.7%
Non-operating Income	39.7	35.8	42.1	+5.8%	+17.5%	82.7	77.8	∆5.9%
Interest Income	12.7	13.0	9.2	∆27.7%	∆29.2%	22.7	22.1	∆2.5%
Non-operating Expense	90.6	85.1	74.4	∆17.9%	∆12.5%	182.0	159.5	∆12.4%
Interest Expense	66.8	63.3	59.9	∆10.3%	∆5.3%	133.0	123.2	∆7.4%
Income before Tax	201.5	211.5	278.3	+38.1%	+31.6%	374.3	489.8	+30.9%
Income Tax	38.3	37.6	55.2	+44.0%	+46.7%	75.8	92.8	+22.5%
Net Income	163.2	173.8	223.1	+36.7%	+28.3%	298.5	396.9	+33.0%

	2024.12	2024.12 2025.06				
Current Assets	4,656.4	4,807.5	+3.2%			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	735.5	668.1	∆9.2%			
Accounts Receivables	1,760.8	1,797.0	+2.1%			
Inventories	194.0	193.5	∆0.3%			
Non-Current Assets	14,076.9	13,698.6	∆2.7%			
Property, Plant and Equipment	10,185.7	9,905.6	∆2.7%			
Intangible assets	1,358.4	1,171.7	∆13.7%			
Long-term Accounts Receivable	322.4	291.5	∆9.6%			
Total Assets	18,733.3	18,506.1	∆1.2%			
Current Liabilities	4,725.0	4,554.4	∆3.6%			
Accounts Payable & Other Payables	2,080.4	2,228.0	+7.1%			
Short-term debt & etc	1,685.2	1,369.4	∆18.7%			
Non-Current Liabilities	5,380.0	5,048.7	∆6.2%			
Bond Payables, Long-term debt	4,150.0	4,002.5	∆3.6%			
Total Liabilities	10,105.0	9,603.1	∆5.0%			
Capital Stock	2,574.0	2,574.0	-			
Treasury Stock	(100.0)	(100.0)	-			
Capital Surplus	823.9	823.9	-			
Retained Earnings	5,338.8	5,613.4	+5.1%			
Accumulated other comprehensive income	(8.4)	(8.3)	∆0.2%			
Total Shareholders' Equity	8,628.4	8,903.0	+3.2%			
Total Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity	18,733.3	18,506.1	∆1.2%			



Factsheet

Unit: Thousands, KRW

	1Q24	2Q24	3Q24	4Q24	1Q25	2Q25	YoY	QoQ
Wireless Subscribers ¹⁾	26,265	27,223	27,873	28,515	29,075	29,917	+9.9%	+2.9%
Net adds	1,169	957	651	641	561	842	△12.1%	+50.1%
Activations	2,195	1,977	1,682	1,701	1,678	2,165	+9.5%	+29.0%
Deactivations	1,026	1,019	1,032	1,059	1,117	1,323	+29.8%	+18.4%
MNO	19,231	19,837	20,120	20,368	20,513	20,930	+5.5%	+2.0%
Handset	10,949	10,945	10,946	10,940	10,957	11,180	+2.1%	+2.0%
5G(Handset, device) ²⁾	7,187	7,413	7,686	7,952	8,532	8,930	+20.5%	+4.7%
MNO Churn rate (%)	1.18%	1.12%	1.07%	1.05%	1.09%	1.06%	△0.07%p	∆0.03%p
MVNO	7,034	7,386	7,753	8,147	8,562	8,987	+21.7%	+5.0%
IoT ³⁾	11,185	12,071	12,571	13,086	13,425	13,645	+13.0%	+1.6%
MNO Service ARPU(excluded IoT)	35,278	35,089	35,341	35,356	35,523	35,688	+1.7%	+0.5%
MNO Service ARPU(included IoT) ⁴⁾	24,420	23,871	23,526	23,855	23,085	23,253	△2.6%	+0.7%
Wireless Service ARPU(MNO+MVNO)	19,675	19,152	18,915	18,730	18,078	18,110	△5.4%	+0.2%
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¹⁾ Subscribers: MSIT's new subscriber disclosure basis

Unit: Thousands

	1Q24	2Q24	3Q24	4Q24	1Q25	2Q25	YoY	QoQ
IPTV(STB) ¹⁾	5,479	5,518	5,554	5,576	5,611	5,699	+3.3%	+1.6%
Net Addition	34	39	36	22	35	89	+125.9%	+155.3%
VoIP ²⁾	3,266	3,209	3,175	3,108	3,098	3,087	∆3.8%	△0.3%
Net Addition	-41	-57	-34	-67	-10	-10	-	-
Broadband ³⁾	5,218	5,269	5,313	5,353	5,396	5,479	+4.0%	+1.6%
Net Addition	57	51	44	40	42	84	+64.0%	+97.7%
PSTN ⁴⁾	456	453	445	445	442	439	∆3.1%	△0.7%
Net Addition	-3	-3	-9	0	-3	-3	-	-

¹⁾ IPTV subscribers : Set-top box subscribers(Adjusted from 1Q15) 2) VoIP subscribers : Retail and Corporate subscribers

²⁾ Change in Ministry of Science and ICT statistics criteria: From 1Q25, 5G subscriptions are based on active USIMs on the 5G network, instead of confirmed 5G device upgrades.

³⁾ Included Home IoT subscribers

⁴⁾ Service ARPU (incl. CDMA,LTE,5G IoT): Including telephony and data(excl. Interconnection, sign-up fee) + VAS + revenue discount(contract and combined discount) / Excluding MVNO related revenue Wireless subscribers (inc. CDMA,LTE,5G and IoT): MSIT's average subscriber of quarter basis

³⁾ Broadband: Including corporate subscribers from 3Q15 / changed broadband calculation standard and retroactively applied it from 1Q22

⁴⁾ PSTN subscribers : Retail(Retail VoIP call forwarding) and Corporate subscribers

End of Documents